Sustainability



Introduction to FM Sustainability





Energy Management



Water Management





Materials and Consumable Management



Waste Management



Workplace and Site Management



Introduction to FM Sustainability



Contents:

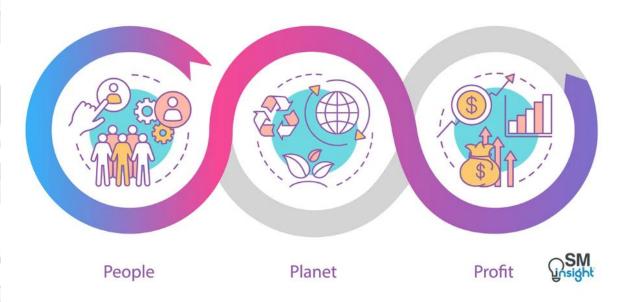
- 1- Triple Bottom Line
- 2- Alignirig Organizational

Strategy with Sustainability





TRIPLE BOTTOM LINE



1- Social Bottom Line





2- Environmental Bottom Line



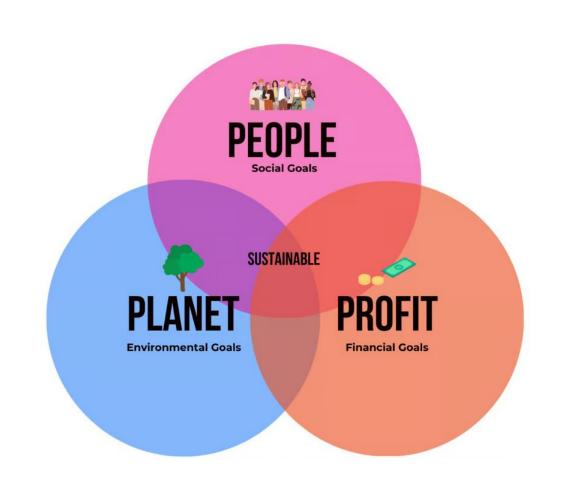


Action Balance:

1-Bearable (S&En)

2-Viable (En&Ec)

3-Equitable (S&Ec)



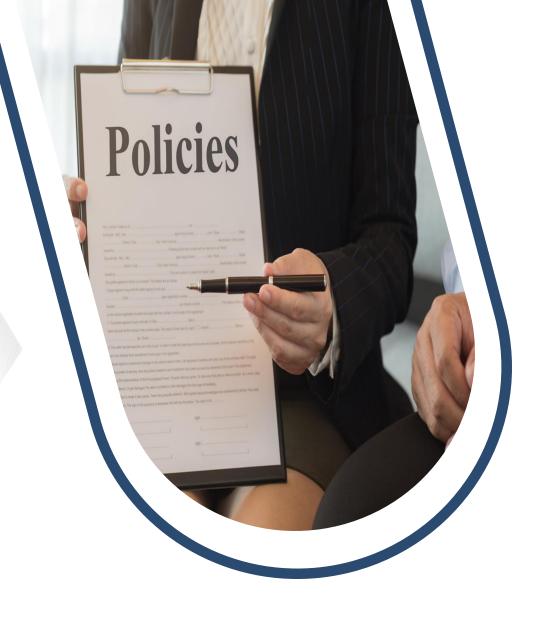


Sustainability Policy

Aligned with its vision and strategy

integrate sustainable into organizational activities





A Sustainable Leasing policy

Tenants use RFPs or RFIs for properties

Landlords include terms in the lease

مرافق تدریب واستشارات



Hard Benefits:

Cost-efficient reduce expenses

Money-saving measures

Profit-generating activities



Soft Benefits:

Improved employee morale

Increased health and comfort

Profit-generating activities



Ten Steps to Policy

- 1-Identify Stakeholders
- 2-Confirm Strategy
- **3-Gain Consensus**
- **4-Secure Sponsor**
- 5-Define Policy Boundaries



Ten Steps to Policy

6-Provide Resources

7-Set SMART Goals

8-Engage Staff

9-Communicate Success

5-Review and Feedback





Energy Management



Contents:

- 1-What Energy Management?
- 2-Use Energy More Efficiently
- 3-Energy Evaluation
- 4-Energy Efficient devices



Contents:

5-Reducing Energy Use

6-Energy-efficient Systems

7- Energy-efficient Operational Processes







3 goals:

1-Use less

2-Use more from renewable

3-Use more socially and environmentally



Zero Net Energy Buildings (ZNB)

net-zero emissions by 2050

تحربب واستشارات



Using Less Energy

1-Upgrade Building Envelope

2-Improve Systems Efficiency

3-Optimize Energy Use

4-Use Renewable Sources



Upgrade Building Envelope

1-Insulation

2-Inspection

3-Solar Gain Reduction



Improve Systems Efficiency

1-HVAC System

2-Lighting System

3-Electrical System

4-Transport System



Optimize Energy Use

1-Commissioning

2-Energy Site Audits

3-BMS or BAS System

4-Energy Performance Contracting



Use Renewable Sources

1-Solar Energy

2-Biomass

3-Geothermal Energy

4-Wind Energy

5-Micro Hydro







Energy Pricing Factors

Peak Pricing

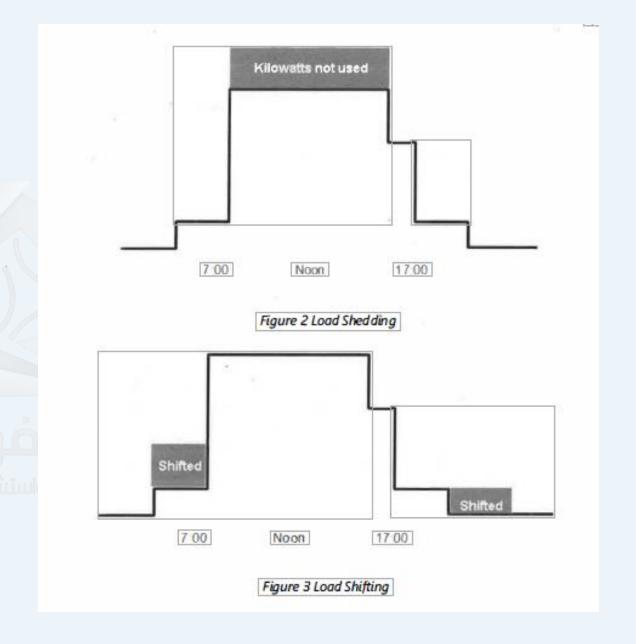
Demand Charges



Management Tactics

Load Shedding

Load Shifting



Demand Response

Arrangement between FM and

power companies



Changing Occupant Behaviors

1-Identify and Remove Obstacles

2-Educate Occupants

3-Provide and Support Solutions

Implement a Carbon Trading Policy

1-Reducing emissions

2-Carbon Sequestration



Renewable Energy Credits (RECs)





Facility Manager's Role

1-Facility Maintenance

2-Occupant Engagement

3-Equipment Optimization

4-Space Management



3-Energy Evaluation





3-Energy Evaluation

standards

1-International (ISO 50001)

2-United Kingdom (BREEM)

3-Canada's National Energy Code

4-US (IECC - ASHRAE)

Terminology

Carbon Footprint

Carbon Intensity

Energy Use Intensity (EUI)

Greenhouse Gases







ENERGY STAR

Canada

Japan

Switzerland

Taiwan









Energy Management System (EMS)

Internet of Things (IoT)

Plug Load Controlling



5-Reducing Energy Use

مرامق تدریب واستشارات



5-Reducing Energy Use

Controlling Devices

Smart Thermostats

Energy Misers

Smart Charging Stations

Smart Power Strips:



5-Reducing Energy Use

Data Center Management

Virtual Servers

Cooling Systems

Temperature Adjustments





6-Energy-efficient Systems

1-BAS or BMS

2-Efficient HVAC systems

3-Renewable power sources

4-Computer Power Management







Commissioning (Cx)
Retro Commissioning (RCx)



Measurement and Verification

Initial Verification

Ongoing Checks



ASHRAE Levels for Audit

1-ASHRAE Level 1: Walk-through Audit

2- ASHRAE Level 2: Energy Survey and Analysis

3-ASHRAE Level 3: Detailed Analysis of Capital-Intensive Modifications

Reducing Power Usage

1-Lighting (LED Technology)

2-Light Sensors



Chapter 3

Water Management





Contents:

1-Introduction

2-Minimizing Utilization of Potable Water

3-Methods to Reduce Water Waste



مرامُق تدریب واستشارات



Water flow

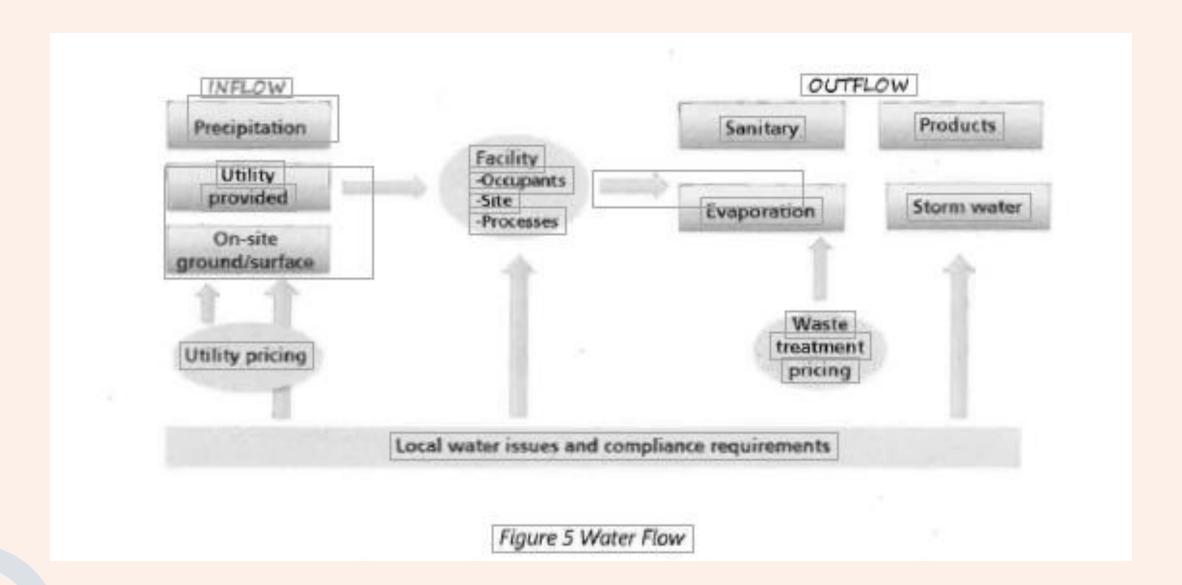
1-Occupants

2-Facility Processes

3-Core Building Systems

4-Site Maintenance





4 Principles of Water Management

1-Reducing Water Wasteccupants

2-Increasing Efficiency

3-User Education

4-Reusing Water



Implementing a Programme

1-Establish a Baseline

Sub metering

Utility Bills

Inventory



Implementing a Programme

2-Evaluate Opportunities

Educating occupants

Installing faucet aerators

Reprogramming irrigation systems



Implementing a Programme

3-Set Goals and Secure Commitment







Reducing Water Loss and Educating Users





Monitoring and Measuring

ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager





Water Efficient Equipment

- 1-Restroom Equipment
- 2-Kitchen and Break Rooms
- 3-Irrigation Efficiency
- 4-HVAC Equipment Efficiency



3-Methods to Reduce
Water Waste



3-Methods to Reduce Water Waste

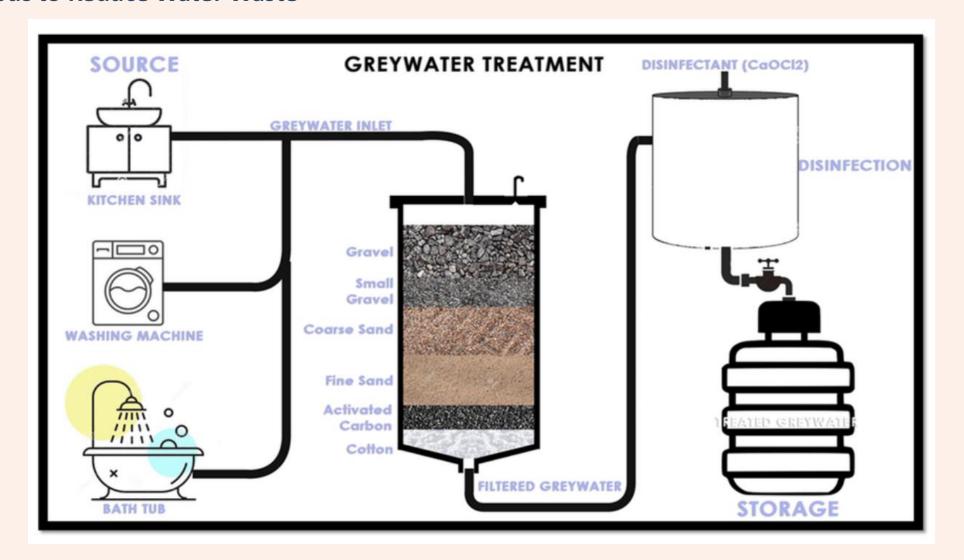
Rainwater Harvesting

Reverse Osmosis Deionized (RODI)Units

Rainwater Collection



3-Methods to Reduce Water Waste



Greywater

3-Methods to Reduce Water Waste

Potable Water

Clean and safe for human consumption.

Greywater

Reused water from sinks, showers, and laundry.

Blackwater

Contaminated water from toilets and industrial waste.

Rainwater

Collected water from rainfall, typically from rooftops.



Chapter 4

Materials and Consumable Management



Contents:

1-Introduction

2-Renewable Resources

3-Minimizing Use of Substances

4-Purchasing M&R that Promote Ethical



1-Introduction to Materials and Consumables Management



Product Life Cycle

1-Extraction

2-Production

3-Distribution and Delivery



Product Life Cycle

4-Usage

5-End-of-Life Management



Benefits of Sustainable procurement

1-improves internal and external standards

2-Manages the organization's risk and reputation

3-Builds a sustainable supply chain for the future

1-Introduction to Materials and Consumables Management

Barriers of Sustainable procurement

1-Focus Beyond Price

2-Leadership Support

3-Clear Priorities

4-Verification of Claims



1-Introduction to Materials and Consumables Management

Steps to Build a Sustainable Supply Chain

- 1-Organizational Commitment
- 2-Strong Supplier Relationships
- 3-Measure Impact
- 4-Monitor and Audit Compliance





2-Renewable Resources





Sustainability certification

Forest Stewardship Council (FSC)



Forest Stewardship Council

Challenges of renewable materials

- 1- consumption during production
- 2- Use of chemicals or toxins in manufacturing
- 3- Energy and resources required
- to turn raw materials into products.



Protecting Endangered Species

- 1-harmful chemical use in outdoor areas
- 2-Preventing new developments
- 3-reduce the need for raw material





Common and abundant Hazard

Chemicals in food packaging

Agricultural chemicals

Hazardous cleaning chemicals



Use of Biodegradable Materials



Agriculture Materials

Cork

Finite

Linoleum



Use of Natural Resources

Bamboo and corn-based serving dishes

Cornstarch& mushroom

Organic fabrics



4-Purchasing Materials & Resources that Promote Ethical





4-Purchasing Materials & Resources that Promote Ethical

Social Responsibilities and Ethical Behavior





4-Purchasing Materials & Resources that Promote Ethical





Chapter 5

Waste Management



Contents

- 1-Introduction
- 2-Procurement Activities
- 3-Recycling and Waste Diversion
- 4-Waste Disposal Techniques



1-Introduction to Waste Management

مرافق تسیناستشات



1-Introduction to Waste Management

FM Take the Lead

Waste education

Environmental protection

Cost and efficiency



1-Introduction to Waste Management

Collection Methods

1-Pick-up method

2-Drop-off method



1-Introduction to Waste Management

Main Disposal Methods

1-Landfills

2-Incineration



Main Disposal Methods

3-Resource Recovery:

Recycling

Composting

Thermal Treatment



2-Procurement Activities that Promote Consumption of Materials





2-Procurement Activities that Promote Consumption of Materials

Construction and Renovation Projects

large waste stream





2-Procurement Activities that Promote Consumption of Materials

Waste Separation

Metal Recycling

Material Reuse

Donations





3-Recycling
and
Waste Diversion



3-Recycling and Waste Diversion

Recycling

Decline in Recycling

Markets

Market Shift

Recycling's Importance



Recycling Guideline

- 1-Gain Management Support
- 2-Conduct a Waste Assessment
- 3-Design the Program



3-Recycling and Waste Diversion

Recycling Guideline

4-Implement the Program

5- Monitor and Track

6-Continuous Improvement



Waste Diversion

- 1-Generate Less Waste
- 2- Reduce Packaging Waste
- 3-Repurpose Materials
- 4-Manufacturer Recycling Programs



Waste Diversion

4-Manufacturer Recycling Programs

5-Alternative Waste Disposal Methods

6-Salvage Walkthroughs



4-Waste Disposal Techniques that do not Harm the Natural

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4-Waste Disposal Techniques that do not Harm the Natural

Disposal of Organic Waste

1-Biogas Generation

2-Composting





Chapter 6

Workplace and Site Management



Contents

1-Indoor Environmental Quality (IEQ)

2-Standards and Guidelines







Air Quality

- 1-Heating and Cooling
- 2-Mold and Mildew Control
- 3-Humidity Management



Air Quality

1-Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)



Air Quality

6-Occupant-Generated Sources

7-Outdoor Air Quality



Thermal Comfort

- 1-Air Movement
- 2-Humidity Control
- 3-Manage Perceptions
- 4-Occupant Education



Lighting

- 1-Color Temperature
- 2-Lighting Levels
- 3-Light Level Maintenance
- **4-Color Finishes**



Views and Access to Daylight

- 1-Dimmable Solar Tubes
- 2-Skylights
- 3-Light Shelves
- 4-Natural Light Simulation:



Sound and Acoustics

Sound Masking



2-Standards and Guidelines





2-Standards and Guidelines

Standards

1- ASHRAE

2-Association of Physical Plant

Administrators (APPA)

3- International Sanitary Supply

Association (ISSA)



2-Standards and Guidelines

certifications

- 4-Green Globes
- 5-WELL Certification
- 6- OSHA Europe
- 7-IFMA SFP® Certification

